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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
PRODUCTION AND MARKETING ADMINISTRATION
DAIRY BRANCH

INSERTS
for

SUMMARIES
of
FLUID MILK MARKETING ORDERS

Revised to November 15, 1948.

and

Federal Register Citations
for the Milk Price Orders



The attached are inserts to be substituted for the corresponding pages in the Summaries of Fluid Milk Marketing Orders, April 1, 1948, and Federal Register Citations for the Milk Price Orders. These inserts revise the Federal orders as effective on November 15, 1948.

Omaha-Council Bluffs (Nebraska and Iowa)

Marketing Area:

Nebraska - Omaha and parts of Douglas and Sarpy Counties.

Iowa - Council Bluffs and parts of Pottawattamie County.

Handler:

Person who operates a plant where milk is processed and packaged and from which skim milk and butterfat are disposed of as Class I milk within the marketing area.

Producer:

Person who, in accordance with health requirements, produces milk which is received at a plant where milk is processed and packaged and from which skim milk and butterfat are disposed of as Class I milk within the marketing area.

Classification:

Class I - Fluid milk (more than 1 per cent butterfat), flavored milk drinks, and unaccounted-for milk.

Class II - Cream (more than 6.0 per cent butterfat).

Class III - Milk products not specified in other classes, milk used for animal feed, and shrinkage not exceeding 5 per cent of receipts of skim milk and 2 per cent of receipts of butterfat (exclusive of skim milk and butterfat received from other handlers which are not cooperative associations).

Class Prices (butterfat and skim milk priced separately):

A basic formula price is used for both Class I and Class II prices. The basic formula price is the higher of:

- (1) Average of prices paid for 3.5 per cent milk at the following plants, divided by 3.5, times 3.8:

Amboy Milk Products Company,	Amboy, Illinois
Borden Company,	Dixon, Illinois
Borden Company,	Sterling, Illinois
Carnation Milk Company,	Northfield, Minnesota
Carnation Milk Company,	Oregon, Illinois
Carnation Milk Company,	Waverly, Iowa

Dean Milk Company,	Pearl City, Illinois
Dean Milk Company,	Pecatonica, Illinois
Fort Dodge Creamery Company,	Fort Dodge, Iowa
Libby, McNeil & Libby Company,	Morrison, Illinois
Pet Milk Company,	Shullsburg, Wisconsin
United Milk Products Company,	Argo, Fay, Illinois

- (2) Average price per pound of Chicago 92-score butter plus or minus .25 cent for each cent that such price is above or below 20 cents, times 3.8, plus 21 cents, plus 3 cents for each full one-half cent that the price of nonfat dry milk solids for human consumption at Chicago is above 7 cents per pound (average of carlot prices, spray and roller process).

Class I - The price for 3.8 per cent Class I milk is the basic formula price plus 75 cents.

The price per hundredweight of butterfat is the price per hundredweight for Class III butterfat plus \$15.00.

The price per hundredweight for skim milk is computed by multiplying by 0.038 the price per hundredweight for Class I butterfat and subtracting this from the Class I price for milk of 3.8 per cent and dividing the result by 0.962.

Class II - The price for Class II milk of 3.8 per cent butterfat is the basic formula price per hundredweight plus 40 cents.

The price per hundredweight for butterfat is the price per hundredweight of butterfat in Class III plus \$15.00.

The price per hundredweight for skim milk is computed by multiplying by 0.038 the price per hundredweight for Class II butterfat and subtracting this from the Class II price for milk of 3.8 per cent and dividing the result by 0.962.

Class III - The basic formula price is the price for Class III milk of 3.8 per cent butterfat.

The price per hundredweight of butterfat is computed by adding to or subtracting from the price per pound of 92-score butter at Chicago 1/4 cent for each 1 cent that the butter price is above or below 20 cents per pound and multiplying the result by 100.

The price per hundredweight of skim milk is computed by multiplying by 0.038 the price computed for Class III butterfat and subtracting this from the Class III price for milk of 3.8 per cent butterfat and dividing the result by 0.962.

Butterfat Differentials:

Class Prices - None. Butterfat and skim milk are priced separately.

Producer Price - Price per pound of Chicago 92-score butter, divided by 10.

Location Differentials:

None.

Method of Accounting for Milk:

Weight of butterfat and skim milk utilized in the products of each class.

Type of Pool:

Market-wide, monthly pool, without base rating plan or new producer clause.

Interhandler Transfers:

Skim milk and butterfat moved in the form of milk or skim milk by a handler other than a cooperative association to another handler who receives milk from producers or associations of producers shall be Class I. If moved between such handlers in the form of cream, it shall be Class II. May be classified otherwise if a statement as to actual utilization is furnished by the buyer.

Skim milk and butterfat moved in the form of milk or skim milk to a producer-handler shall be Class I. If moved in the form of cream it shall be Class II.

Outside Purchases:

"Emergency milk" is apportioned on a pro rata basis by classes in accordance with the receiving handler's total utilization of milk. "Emergency milk" means skim milk and butterfat which is received by a handler as fluid milk during the months of September through December from the plant of a nonhandler which is approved by health authorities for sale of Class I milk within the marketing area.

Skim milk and butterfat received from other than producer sources which is not "emergency milk" shall be classified in the receiving handler's lowest class use.

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Outside Sales:

Skim milk and butterfat moved in the form of milk or skim milk by a handler to the plant of a nonhandler shall be Class I. If moved in the form of cream it shall be Class II. May be classified otherwise if a statement as to actual utilization is furnished by the buyer, subject to audit by the market administrator.

Milk sold outside the marketing area is priced the same as milk sold in the marketing area.

Producer-handlers:

Handlers who distribute only milk of their own production are exempt from regulatory provisions. Reports may be required by the market administrator.

Expense of Administration:

Handlers pay administrative cost not to exceed 2 cents per hundredweight.

Special Producer Provisions:

No provisions are made either for authorized deductions from payments to members of cooperative associations or for marketing service charges for non-members.

Class Prices (3.5 per cent butterfat):

A basic formula price is used for Class I, Class II, and Class III prices. The basic formula price is the highest of the following for the preceding month:

- (1) Average of prices for 3.5 milk at the following places:

Borden Company,	Black Creek, Wisconsin
Borden Company,	Greenville, Wisconsin
Borden Company,	Mt. Pleasant, Michigan
Borden Company,	New London, Wisconsin
Borden Company,	Orfordville, Wisconsin
Carnation Company,	Berlin, Wisconsin
Carnation Company,	Jefferson, Wisconsin
Carnation Company,	Chilton, Wisconsin
Carnation Company,	Oconomowoc, Wisconsin
Carnation Company,	Richland Center, Wisconsin
Carnation Company,	Sparta, Michigan
Pet Milk Company,	Belleville, Wisconsin
Pet Milk Company,	Coopersville, Michigan
Pet Milk Company,	Hudson, Michigan
Pet Milk Company,	New Glarus, Wisconsin
Pet Milk Company,	Wayland, Michigan
White House Milk Company,	Manitowoc, Wisconsin
White House Milk Company,	West Bend, Wisconsin

- (2) Price per pound of Chicago 92-score butter, times 6, plus 2.4 times the price per pound of Plymouth "Twins" (or "Cheddars" if price of "Twins" is not quoted), divided by 7, times 1.3, times 3.5.
- (3) Price per pound of Chicago 92-score butter, times 3.5, times 1.2, plus or minus 3.75 cents for each full half-cent variation from 5 cents (6 cents during March through June) in the price per pound of nonfat dry milk solids (carlots, human consumption, f.o.b. plants in Chicago area).

(The basic formula price effective for July shall not be less than that effective for June. The basic formula price effective for December shall not be higher than that effective for November) 1/

Class I - May and June--basic formula price plus 50 cents.
 August through November--basic formula price plus 90 cents.
 All other months--basic formula price plus 70 cents.

1/ Suspended indefinitely effective November 15, 1948.

Sioux City, Iowa

Marketing Area:

Iowa - Sioux City and specified parts of Woodbury and Plymouth Counties.

Nebraska - South Sioux City and specified parts of Dakota County.

South Dakota - Stevens and specified parts of Union County.

Handler:

Person who receives milk which is disposed of as Class I or Class II milk in the marketing area.

Producer:

Person who:

- (1) Produces milk, under a dairy farm inspection permit for Sioux City, which is received at a plant of a handler, or
- (2) Produces milk which is received by a handler who is not under the jurisdiction of the Sioux City health authorities.

Classification:

Class I - Fluid milk (plain or flavored) containing more than 1.5 per cent butterfat and unaccounted-for milk.

Class II - Sweet or sour cream (containing more than 6 per cent butterfat).

Class III - Milk products other than cream and shrinkage not over 2 per cent of receipts (exclusive of receipts from other handlers).

Class Prices (butterfat and skim milk priced separately):

A basic formula price is used for Class I, Class II, and Class III prices. The basic formula price is the higher of:

- (1) Average of prices paid for 3.5 per cent milk at 12 specified plants (plants are those used for basic formula price in the Omaha-Council Bluffs order).

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- (2) Price per pound of Chicago 92-score butter, plus or minus .25 cent for each cent that such price is above or below 20 cents, times 3.5, plus 21 cents, plus 3 cents for each full one-half cent that the price of nonfat dry milk solids for human consumption at Chicago is above 7 cents per pound (average of carlot prices, spray and roller process).

Class I - The price for Class I milk of 3.5 per cent butterfat is the basic formula price plus 80 cents.

The price per hundredweight of butterfat is the price per hundredweight of Class III butterfat plus \$16.00.

The price per hundredweight of skim milk is computed by multiplying by 0.035 the price computed for Class I butterfat and subtracting this from the Class I price for milk of 3.5 per cent butterfat and dividing the result by 0.965.

Class II - The price for Class II milk of 3.5 per cent butterfat is the basic formula price plus 50 cents.

The price per hundredweight of butterfat is the same as for butterfat in Class I.

The price per hundredweight of skim milk is computed by multiplying by 0.035 the price computed for Class II butterfat and subtracting this from the Class II price for milk of 3.5 per cent butterfat and dividing the result by 0.965.

Class III - The price per hundredweight for Class III milk of 3.5 per cent butterfat is the same as the basic formula price.

The price per hundredweight of butterfat is computed by adding to or subtracting from the price per pound of 92-score butter at Chicago $1/4$ cent for each 1 cent that the butter price is above or below 20 cents per pound and multiplying the result by 100.

The price per hundredweight of skim milk is computed by multiplying by 0.035 the price computed for Class III butterfat and subtracting this from the Class III price for milk of 3.5 per cent butterfat and dividing the result by 0.965.

Butterfat Differentials:

Class Prices - None. Butterfat and skim milk are priced separately.

Producer Price - Price per pound of Chicago 92-score butter, times 1.2, divided by 10.

Location Differentials:

None.

Method of Accounting for Milk:

Weight of butterfat and skim milk utilized in the products of each class.

Type of Pool:

Market-wide, monthly pool, without base rating plan or new producer clause. Twenty cents per hundredweight of milk delivered by producers during the delivery periods of May and June is reserved from the total value of milk delivered during those months. The fund resulting from such deductions is divided into three parts and a premium is established which is paid to producers and to associations of producers by the market administrator on milk delivered during each of the months of September, October, and November following.

Class Prices (for butterfat and skim milk):

Basic Formula Price - The basic formula price per hundredweight for skim milk is the highest of the prices determined pursuant to (a), (b), or (c) below for the preceding delivery period multiplied by 0.311 (provided that the price for July shall not be less than that for June preceding, and the price for January shall not be more than for December preceding) $\frac{1}{100}$.

The basic formula price per hundredweight for butterfat is the highest of the prices determined under (a), (b), or (c) below for the preceding month multiplied by 20 (provided that the price for July is not less than the price for June preceding and the price for January is not less than the price for December preceding) $\frac{1}{100}$.

- (a) Price paid for 3.5 per cent milk at 18 specified plants (see list under Chicago order).
- (b) 92-score butter at Chicago multiplied by 6,
PLUS
price per pound of Twins at Plymouth, Wisconsin (or if Twins are not quoted, then Cheddars), times 2.4 --
Divide the above sum by 7, add 30 per cent and multiply by 3.5.
- (c) Carlot, roller and spray process, nonfat dry milk solids (not including that specifically designated animal feed), Chicago area manufacturing plants, minus 5 cents, multiplied by 8.5, and then multiplied by .0965. (If the above dry milk solids prices are not published, the carlot prices delivered at Chicago are substituted and the "make" allowance is 6 cents instead of 5 cents)
PLUS
92-score butter at Chicago minus 2 cents, plus 20 per cent and multiplied by 3.5.

Class I - Price per hundredweight for butterfat and skim milk are the respective basic formula prices plus the following:

<u>Delivery Period</u>	<u>Skim Milk</u>	<u>Butterfat</u>
May and June	\$0.156	\$10.00
September through Dec.	.280	18.00
All other months	.218	14.00

$\frac{1}{100}$ Suspended indefinitely effective November 15, 1948.

Class Prices (3.5 per cent butterfat):

Basic Formula Price - The higher of the Class III or Class IV price for the preceding month (provided that the basic formula price for July is not less than for June preceding, and that the basic formula price for December is not more than for November preceding) $\frac{1}{2}$.

Class I and Class II (Grade A) - The basic formula price plus the amount shown below:

<u>Delivery Periods</u>	<u>Class I</u>	<u>Class II</u>
May and June	\$0.50	\$0.30
August through November	.90	.50
All others	.70	.40

Class I and Class II (non-grade A) - Grade A prices for Class I and Class II milk respectively, minus 10 cents.

Class III - The highest of the prices resulting from the following:

- (a) The average of prices paid for 3.5 per cent butterfat milk at 18 plants (see list under Chicago order).
- (b) 92-score butter at Chicago multiplied by 6,
PLUS
Price per pound of Twins at Plymouth, Wisconsin, multiplied by 2.4 (provided that if the price of Twins is not quoted, then the price of Cheddars)--
Divide the above sum by 7, add 30 per cent and multiply by 3.5.
- (c) 92-score butter at Chicago, plus 20 per cent,
PLUS
Carlot prices, spray and roller process, nonfat dry milk solids (not including that specifically designated animal feed) Chicago area manufacturing plants, minus 5 cents, multiplied by 7.5, provided that the "make" allowance for March, April, May and June is 6 cents instead of 5 cents, and if the above nonfat dry milk solids prices are not quoted, then use such prices delivered at Chicago, and the "make" allowance is 6 cents, or for March, April, May and June - 7 cents, (approximate).

Class IV - The same as (c) under Class III.

1/ Suspended indefinitely effective November 15, 1948.

THE HISTORY OF THE

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HIS MOST EXCELLENT
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BY
JAMES CLAYTON

IN TWO VOLUMES.

LONDON:
PRINTED BY J. STURGEON, ST. MARTIN'S LANE.

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The prices for Class I, Class II, and Class III milk for the months of May, June, and July 1948, shall be the basic formula price plus the following amounts:

	:	Skim Milk	:	Butterfat
Class I	:	\$0.2798	:	\$20.86
Class II	:	.2098	:	15.64
Class III	:	.1679	:	12.52

Class IV - The price per hundredweight for skim milk is the average price per pound of nonfat dry milk solids (carlots, roller and spray process, f.o.b. Chicago area manufacturing plants), minus 4 cents, times 8.5.

The price per hundredweight for butterfat used in Class IV shall be the price per pound of Chicago 92-score butter, times 120.

A special price for butterfat made into butter is provided. This price is \$3.60 less than the regular price of Class IV butterfat.

Under specified conditions skim milk made into sweetened condensed skim milk and disposed of to specified persons in January, February, or March is priced at approximately the average Class IV price for the months of April, May, and June of the preceding year.

Emergency Provision - Upon a finding by the Secretary of Agriculture that the price of Class I milk, Class II or Class III milk computed for any delivery period is above a level which is in the public interest, such price shall be the same as the Class I or Class II price for the preceding delivery period.

Butterfat Differentials:

Class Prices - None, because skim milk and butterfat are priced separately in each class.

Producer Price - Price per pound of Chicago 92-score butter, times 1.2.

Location Differentials:

None.

Cleveland, Ohio

Marketing Area:

Cuyahoga County and the township of Willoughby in Lake County, Ohio.

Handler:

Person who:

- (1) Operates a "pool plant"; or
- (2) Operates a nonpool plant out of which milk, buttermilk, skim milk, flavored milk or milk drinks is disposed of:
 - (a) On a route extending into the marketing area,
 - (b) To a "pool plant" (under prescribed conditions).

A "pool plant" is defined as:

- (1) A bottling plant in the marketing area from which a route is operated;
- (2) A bottling plant outside the marketing area from which at least 10 per cent of its route sales of milk, skim milk, buttermilk, flavored milk and flavored milk drinks are on routes operated wholly or partly within the marketing area;
- (3) A plant which either was a pool plant on August 31, 1948, or becomes a pool plant pursuant to (4) below.
- (4) A plant which:
 - (a) Delivers 50 per cent or more of its entire receipts of milk from dairy farmers during the delivery periods of January, February or March, and during each of the 5 preceding delivery periods to a pool plant described in (1) above, and
 - (b) Thereafter delivers to a pool plant described in (1) above not less than 10 per cent of its dairy farm supply in all months except April, May, June, or July, and not less than 50 per cent of such supply in at least three of the months of October, November, December, and January.

Producer:

Person who, under approval of health authority of any community in the marketing area, produces milk which is received at:

- (1) A pool plant out of which a route is operated in such community or which supplies milk to another pool plant out of which a route is operated in such community (but not including milk diverted from a nonpool plant for the account of such plant);
- (2) A nonpool plant during April, May, June, or July, for the account of a pool plant;
- (3) A pool plant for the account of another pool plant.

Classification:

Class I - Fluid milk, skim milk, buttermilk, flavored milk, flavored milk drinks, cream (sweet or sour), any milk and cream mixture, eggnog, milk products not in Class II or Class III, and shrinkage in excess of that allocated to Class III.

Milk disposed of to manufacturers of soup, candy, or bakery products, and milk disposed of to any retail establishment which sells milk in fluid form is classified as Class I milk.

Class II - Ice cream and ice cream type products, and storage cream.

Class III - Butter, butter oil, cheese (including cottage cheese), evaporated or condensed milk in hermetically sealed cans, casein, nonfat dry milk solids, dry whole milk, condensed or dry buttermilk, whey, powdered malted milk, lactose, skim milk or buttermilk disposed of for livestock feed, and shrinkage not in excess of 2 per cent of producer receipts (plus actual shrinkage of other source milk).

Class Prices (for butterfat and skim milk):

A "basic formula" is used for both Class I and Class II prices. The "basic formula" price is the highest of the following prices determined for the preceding month.

- (1) Average of prices paid for 3.5 per cent milk at 18 specified plants. (See list used for basic formula price under Chicago order.)

- (2) Price per pound of Chicago 92-score butter, times 6,
PLUS
2.4 times the average price per pound of Twins (or Cheddars)
divided by 7,
Times 1.3, times 3.5.
- (3) Price per pound of Chicago 92-score butter, minus 3 cents,
times 1.2, times 3.5,
Plus an amount computed as follows: Price per pound of
nonfat dry milk solids (carlots, human consumption, spray
and roller process, f.o.b. manufacturing plants in Chicago
area), minus 5.5 cents, times 8.5, times .965.

Class I - The prices per hundredweight of butterfat and skim milk in Class I (except that used for cream and cream mixtures) are computed as follows:

- (1) Add to the basic formula price \$0.85 during May and June, \$1.15 during September through February, and \$1.00 during all other months, except that for May, June, July and August, 1948, add \$1.15. (For skim milk and butterfat used for cream and cream mixtures in Class I, use the above prices minus 15 cents.)
- (2) The price per hundredweight of butterfat is the sum obtained in (1) above, multiplied by 20, except that the price of butterfat used for sweet or sour cream or any mixture of cream, milk or skim milk is not less than the price for butterfat in Class II and the price of other Class I items is not less than the price of butterfat in Class II, plus \$3.00.
- (3) The price per hundredweight of skim milk is the sum obtained in (1) above, minus .035 times the price of butterfat pursuant to (2) above, divided by .965.

Class II - The prices per hundredweight of butterfat and skim milk in Class II are computed as follows:

- (1) Add to the basic formula price 25 cents during May and June, 55 cents during September through February, and 40 cents during all other months.
- (2) The price of butterfat is the sum obtained in (1) above, multiplied by 20, but not less than Chicago 92-score butter multiplied by 120.

- (3) The price for skim milk is computed as follows: Subtract 5.5 cents from the carlot price per pound, non-fat dry milk solids, human consumption, roller process, f.o.b. manufacturing plants, Chicago area, multiply by 8.5, and add 25 cents.

Class III - The price per hundredweight of butterfat in Class III is computed as follows: Price per pound of Chicago 92-score butter, times 120. The price per hundredweight of butterfat used to produce butter and in allowable shrinkage is \$3.60 less.

The price of Class III skim milk is calculated as follows: Subtract 5.5 cents from the carlot price per pound non-fat dry milk solids, human consumption, roller process, f.o.b. manufacturing plants Chicago area, and multiply by 8.5. For skim milk used to produce bulk condensed skin or whole milk, cottage cheese and powdered malted milk, add 25 cents.

The price for skim milk used to produce evaporated milk is computed as follows: Multiply the price per pound of 92-score butter at Chicago by 120 and multiply the result by 0.035; subtract from such amount the average price minus 8 cents paid at 18 condenseries (see Chicago order for list) for such delivery. Divide the result by 0.965.

A special provision results in the pricing of Class I items at the highest of the Class III prices when such items are disposed of during April, May, June or July to a manufacturer of soup, candy, or bakery products for use in such manufacturing operations.

Butterfat Differentials:

Class Prices - None, because butterfat and skim milk are classified and priced separately.

Producer Price - Weighted average price per hundredweight of butterfat in all classes minus weighted average price per hundredweight of skim milk in all classes, divided by 1,000.

Location Differentials:

Class Prices - With respect to producer milk moved in the form of Class I or Class II products to the marketing area from a pool plant located outside the marketing area, the following deductions may be made: 15 cents per hundredweight at plants in the 30-45 mile zone, plus 2 cents for each 15 mile zone up to 90 miles, and plus an additional one cent for each 15 mile zone thereafter.

Producer Price - Same as above (applied to all milk).

Method of Accounting for Milk:

Weights of skim milk and butterfat are computed separately as utilized in the products of each class.

Type of Pool:

Market-wide, monthly pool, without base rating plan or new producer clause.

Interhandler Transfers:

Milk disposed of by a handler to another handler in the form of milk or other Class I products is classified in Class I, unless a statement as to other utilization is signed by both the buyer (who is not a producer-handler) and the seller.

Outside Purchases:

Handlers other than producer-handlers, who operate a non-pool plant out of which a route is operated which extends into the marketing area, must pay the difference between the Class I prices for skim milk and butterfat disposed of in Class I products on such route and the higher of the Class III prices for skim milk and butterfat.

Under specified conditions, a handler operating a nonpool plant supplying milk, skim milk, butterfat, flavored milk, or flavored milk drinks to a pool plant, must pay the difference between the respective prices for Class I and Class III skim milk and butterfat.

Milk received at a plant subject to the pricing and payment provisions of another Federal order is exempt from the pricing and payment provisions of the Cleveland order.

During October, November, December, and January, an amount of "other source" milk up to 10 per cent of Class I sales may be subtracted from Class I if receipts of milk from producers are less than 110 per cent of Class I sales.

Outside Sales:

Class I items transferred to a producer-dealer or transferred as any such item, except cream, to a non-pool plant more than 265 miles from Cleveland, is classified as Class I.

Milk transferred less than 265 miles to a nonpool plant is classified in Class I, unless other utilization is indicated in a written statement signed by both buyer and seller, subject to verification.

Milk sold outside the marketing area is priced the same as milk sold in the marketing area.

Producer-handlers:

Handlers who distribute only milk of their own production are exempt from regulatory provisions. Reports may be required by the market administrator.

Expense of Administration:

Handlers pay administrative costs not to exceed 3 cents per hundredweight.

Special Producer Provisions:

Deductions, as authorized by members, are turned over to the cooperative associations.

A marketing service charge not to exceed 4 cents is deducted for non-members.

Special Handler Provisions:

Any unpaid obligation of a handler or of the market administrator under the order is increased by one-half of one per cent on the first day of the calendar month next following the due date of such obligation, and on the first day of each calendar month thereafter until paid.

Location Differentials:

None.

Method of Accounting for Milk:

Weight of butterfat and skim milk are computed separately for each class. Upon completion of classification the average butterfat content of each class is determined for purposes of pricing.

Type of Pool:

Market-wide, monthly pool. A deduction of 45 cents per hundred-weight on milk received from producers is made from the uniform price for the delivery periods of April, May, and June. The fund resulting from these deductions is divided into 3 parts and a premium is established which is added to the uniform price paid to producers for milk delivered during each of the months of September, October, and November following. The premium is computed by dividing each part of the fund by producer deliveries in each of such months.

Interplant Transfers:

Butterfat or skim milk transferred as any item in Class I is accounted for as Class I milk; butterfat or skim milk transferred as any product specified in Class II is accounted for as Class II milk; Provided that in the case of a transfer to another handler, or to a non-fluid milk plant located less than 85 miles from Nashville, Classification may be in accordance with an agreement between the transferring handler and the transferee, notification of which is given to the market administrator.

Outside Purchases:

"Other source" milk is deducted in series beginning with the lowest price class except that if receipts of skim milk from producers and other handlers are less than 105 per cent of Class I and Class II skim milk disposed of by the handler (other than by transfer or diversion), the skim milk in "other source" milk is subtracted from Class III milk and if a quantity of "other source" skim milk remains, this quantity is subtracted pro rata from the skim milk in Class I and Class II. "Other source" milk is skim milk and butterfat received from producer-handlers or from a source other than producers or other handlers except non-fluid milk products received and disposed of in the same form.

Outside Sales:

Sales of milk, skim milk and butterfat outside the marketing area are priced on the same basis as for milk, skim milk and butterfat disposed of in the marketing area.

Producer-handler:

A person who is both a producer and a handler but who receives no milk from other producers, is exempt from regulatory provisions. Reports may be required from such a handler by the market administrator.

Expense of Administration:

Handlers pay administrative costs not to exceed 4 cents per hundredweight. The administrative assessment applies to milk received from producers (including the handler's own production) and to "other source" milk.

Special Producer Provisions:

Deductions as authorized by members, are turned over to cooperative associations. A marketing service charge not to exceed six cents per hundredweight is deducted for non-members. Handlers are required to furnish each producer a statement of his account with each payment for milk.

NEW YORK - ORDER NO. 27

<u>Citation</u>	<u>Date Published</u>	<u>Action</u>
7 FR 2370	2/28/42	Order, as amended
7 FR 9109	11/10/42	Partial termination order
8 FR 3749	3/27/43	Order suspending certain prov.
8 FR 5358	4/24/43	" " " "
8 FR 6327	5/15/43	Amendment
8 FR 6918	5/26/43	Order suspending certain prov.
8 FR 8589	6/23/43	Amendment
8 FR 9862	7/17/43	Order suspending certain prov.
9 FR 2771	3/14/44	" " " "
9 FR 4735	5/5/44	" " " "
10 FR 2134	2/22/45	" " " "
10 FR 6156	5/29/45	Amendment
10 FR 13101	10/24/45	Order suspending certain prov.
11 FR 2814	3/19/46	" " " "
11 FR 4580	4/25/46	" " " "
11 FR 5779	5/28/46	" " " "
11 FR 5900	6/1/46	" " " "
11 FR 5961	6/1/46	Amendment
11 FR 7330	7/2/46	Order suspending certain prov.
11 FR 9611	8/31/46	Amendment
11 FR 11115	10/1/46	Amendment
11 FR 14095	12/5/46	Amendment
12 FR 569	1/29/47	Order suspending certain prov.
12 FR 1417	2/28/47	" " " "
12 FR 2058	3/28/47	" " " "
12 FR 2449	4/16/47	" " " "
12 FR 3857	6/13/47	" " " "
12 FR 5035	7/30/47	" " " "
12 FR 5249	8/1/47	Amendment
12 FR 6427	9/30/47	Order suspending certain prov.
12 FR 8882	12/31/47	Amendment
13 FR 1396	3/18/48	Amendment
13 FR 1641	3/30/48	Amendment
13 FR 2909	5/29/48	Order suspending certain prov.
13 FR 4342	7/29/48	Amendment

(Revised 11/1/48)

TOLDO - ORDER NO. 30

<u>Citation</u>	<u>Date Published</u>	<u>Action</u>
12 FR 2067	3/29/47	Order, as amended
12 FR 6945	10/25/47	Amendment No. 3
13 FR 2327	4/30/48	Amendment No. 4
13 FR 4275	7/27/48	Amendment No. 5

FORT WAYNE - ORDER NO. 32

12 FR 1538	3/7/47	Order, as amended
13 FR 2307	4/29/48	Amendment No. 1
13 FR 3196	6/12/48	Amendment No. 2

LOWELL-LAWRENCE - ORDER NO. 34

<u>Citation</u>	<u>Date Published</u>	<u>Action</u>
10 FR 3125	3/24/45	Order, as amended
11 FR 5897	6/1/46	Amendment No. 2
11 FR 5992	6/4/46	Order suspending certain prov.
11 FR 10695	9/24/46	Amendment No. 3
11 FR 14096	12/5/46	Amendment No. 4
12 FR 1415	2/28/47	Order suspending certain prov.
12 FR 2049	3/28/47	" " " "
12 FR 2449	4/16/47	" " " "
12 FR 4172	6/27/47	" " " "
12 FR 4929	7/25/47	Amendment No. 5
12 FR 5036	7/30/47	Order suspending certain prov.
12 FR 6427	9/30/47	" " " "
12 FR 8671	12/20/47	" " " "
13 FR 1642	3/30/48	Amendment No. 6

OMAHA - ORDER NO. 35

12 FR 2073	3/29/47	Order, as amended
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CHICAGO - ORDER NO. 41

11 FR 9606	8/31/46	Order, as amended
12 FR 3073	5/10/47	Order suspending certain prov.
12 FR 5834	8/30/47	Amendment No. 3
12 FR 7248	11/5/47	Amendment No. 4
13 FR 5905	10/9/48	Order suspending certain prov.

NEW ORLEANS - ORDER NO. 42

13 FR 1079	2/28/47	Order, as amended
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SOUTH BEND-LAPOORTE - ORDER NO. 67

<u>Citation</u>	<u>Date Published</u>	<u>Action</u>
12 FR 8016	12/2/47	Order
13 FR 5905	10/9/48	Order suspending certain prov.

WICHITA - ORDER NO. 68

12 FR 7105	11/1/47	Order, as amended
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SUBURBAN CHICAGO - ORDER NO. 69

11 FR 11126	10/1/46	Order, as amended
12 FR 6428	9/30/47	Amendment No. 1
13 FR 5905	10/9/48	Suspension

CLINTON - ORDER NO. 70

11 FR 2915	3/20/46	Order, as amended
11 FR 6527	6/14/46	Order suspending certain prov.
11 FR 8279	8/1/46	" " " "
12 FR 5037	7/30/47	Amendment No. 1

DAYTON-SPRINGFIELD - ORDER NO. 71

10 FR 6162	5/29/45	Order
11 FR 6901	6/21/46	Amendment No. 1
11 F 9423	8/28/46	Amendment No. 2
12 FR 5995	9/10/47	Amendment No. 3
12 FR 6430	9/30/47	Order suspending certain prov.
13 FR 1661	3/31/48	" " " "
13 FR 2329	4/30/48	Amendment No. 4
13 FR 2330	4/30/48	Order suspending certain prov.

(Revised 11/1/48)

TRI-STATE - ORDER NO. 72

<u>Citation</u>	<u>Date Published</u>	<u>Action</u>
11 FR 12926	11/1/46	Order, as amended
11 FR 13622	11/21/46	Order suspending certain prov.
12 FR 4243	7/1/47	Amendment No. 1
13 FR 1662	3/31/48	Order suspending certain prov.
13 FR 2330	4/30/48	Amendment No. 2

MINNEAPOLIS-ST. PAUL - ORDER NO. 73

10 FR 13431	10/30/45	Order
11 FR 5992	6/4/46	Order suspending certain prov.

COLUMBUS - ORDER NO. 74

11 FR 1081	1/30/46	Order, as amended
11 FR 9424	8/28/46	Amendment No. 1
12 FR 4245	7/1/47	Amendment No. 2
13 FR 1662	3/31/48	Order suspending certain prov.
13 FR 2331	4/30/48	Amendment No. 3
13 FR 2790	5/25/48	Order suspending certain prov.
13 FR 5021	8/28/48	Amendment No. 4

CLEVELAND - ORDER NO. 75

12 FR 5840	8/30/47	Order, as amended
13 FR 2332	4/30/48	Amendment No. 1
13 FR 5653	9/30/48	Amendment No. 2

(Revised 11/1/48)

PADUCAH - ORDER NO. 77

<u>Citation</u>	<u>Date Published</u>	<u>Action</u>
12 FR 8808	12/27/47	Order

NASHVILLE - ORDER NO. 78

12 FR 7320	11/8/47	Order
13 FR 5526	9/23/48	Amendment No. 1

TOPEKA - ORDER NO. 80

12 FR 8377	12/13/47	Order
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